



# KLINGERballostar® KHE

## Split body ball valve

### DN 15 (1/2") – 200 (8")

**CE** 0408  
Conformity with Pressure  
Equipment Directive 97/23/EC



# KLINGERballostar-KHE: This ball valve offers more



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sealing system*  
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and a modular  
construction design***

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***Define the field of  
application of your valve***

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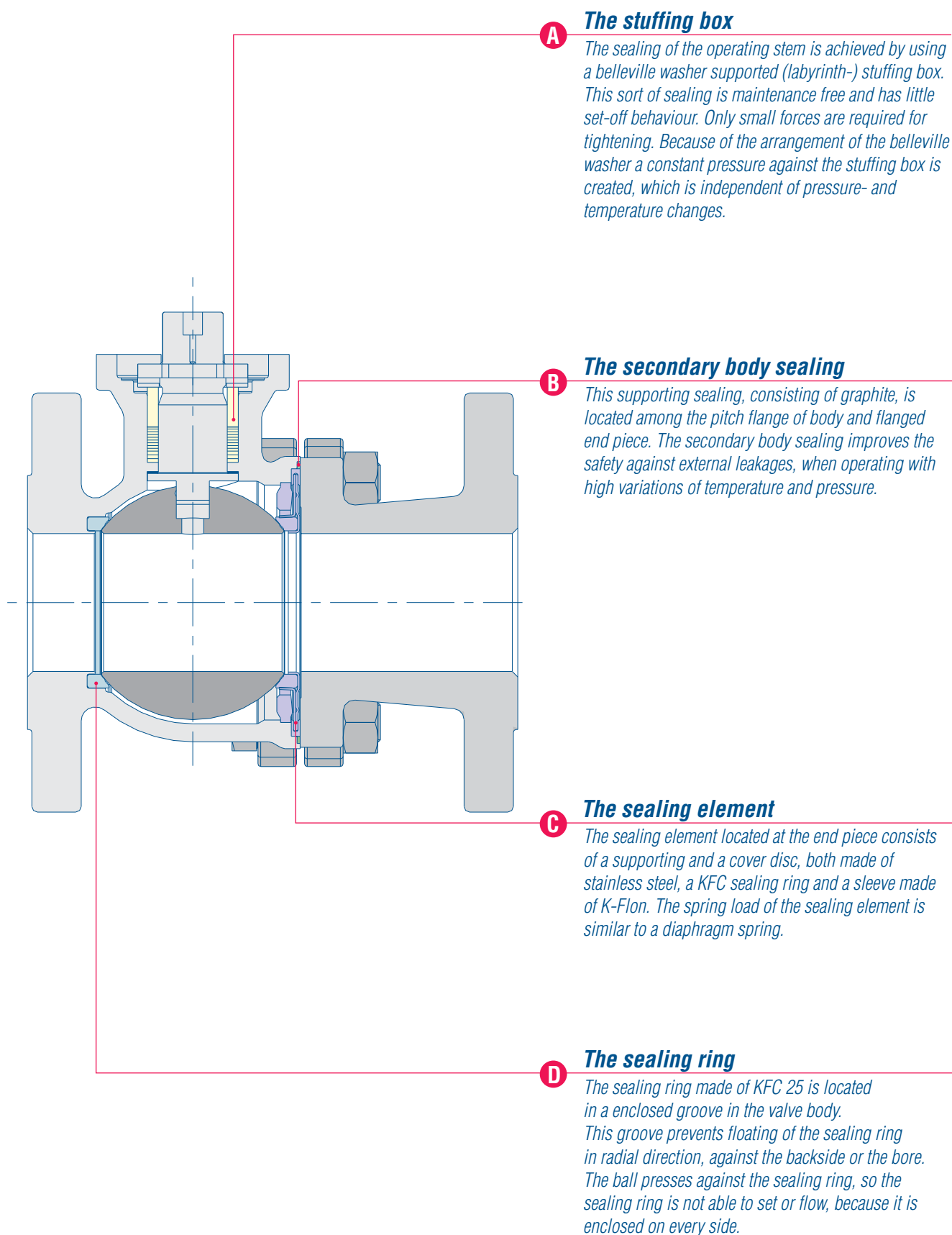
*Our contribution to fluid safety*  
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***The table of  
chemical resistance***





# The design of the sealing systems



# The functional principle of the seat sealing system

Basically the Ballostar KHE ball valve can be pressurised in both flow directions.

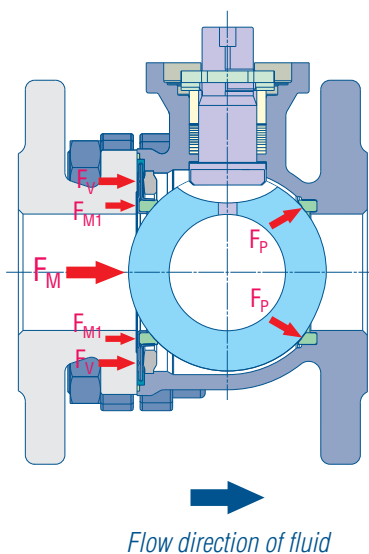
In consequence of the different design of the sealing systems two operating conditions depending on the mounting direction are possible:

## Mounting direction: flange end piece upstream

If the flange end piece is mounted upstream, the fluid pressure (characterized by force  $F_M$ ) presses the ball to the downstream situated sealing ring ( $F_P$ ). The pre-stressed, elastic sealing element ( $F_V$ ) located upstream, presses against the ball too. The elastic sealing element is additionally effected by the fluid pressure ( $F_{M1}$ ), which leads to an increase of the force effect onto the ball and simultaneously means a stress relief for the diaphragm spring.

The elasticity of the KLINGER sealing system continuously provides two sealing areas in the bore.

Therefore we recommend this situation of installation as **preferred mounting direction** for standard applications. Additionally this direction is marked with an arrow on the valve body.

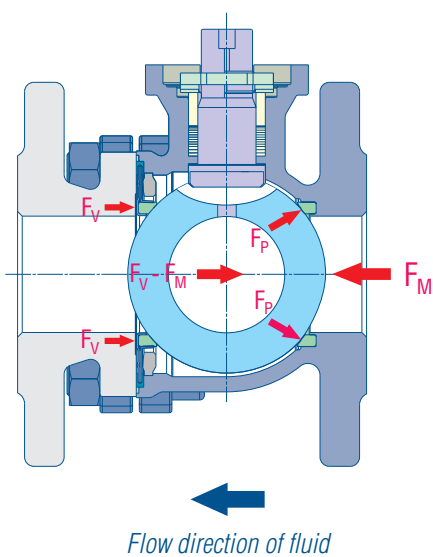


## Mounting direction: body flange upstream

If the body flange is mounted upstream, the pressure of the fluid ( $F_M$ ) takes effect against the spring force ( $F_V$ ) of the downstream located elastic sealing element.

If the pressure of the fluid ( $F_M$ ) is higher than the spring force ( $F_V$ ) of the sealing element, the ball lifts from the sealing ring. The pressure of the ball, which acts against the downstream sealing element rises and it takes over the sealing function.

If the differential pressure is low, the spring force of the sealing element is high enough to press the ball against the sealing ring too ( $F_P = F_V - F_M$ ). A second sealing area is created and enable an outstanding effective sealing system.





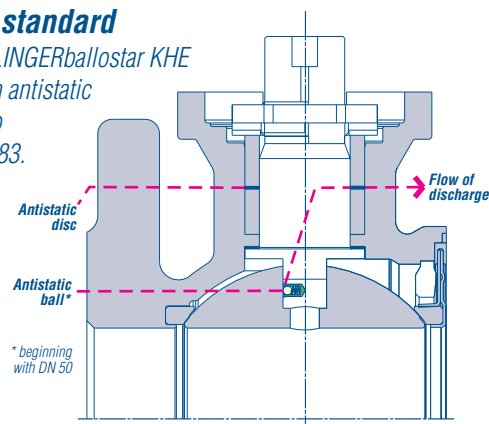
To ensure it can cope with different needs and is fit to face any application, the KLINGERballostar KHE ball valve satisfies with a modular system of stuffing boxes and sealing elements.

### CE-Marking

Due to the Conformity with Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC KLINGER Fluid Control is authorized to issue the CE-Marking. It is applied on each Ballostar ball valve to symbolize our high standard of quality.

### Anti-static as standard

As standard, the KLINGERballostar KHE is equipped with an antistatic device according to ISO 7121 or EN 1983.



### Fire safety

The fire-safe version in accordance with EN ISO 10497/API 607 requires special sealing elements. These fire-safe elements are mounted directly in the factory, but they can also be easily upgraded every time.



**Lever stop unit**



**Lever interlocking device**

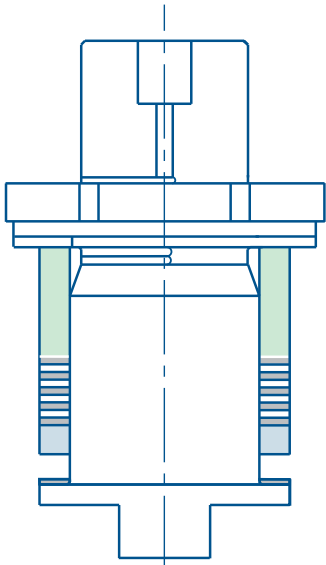
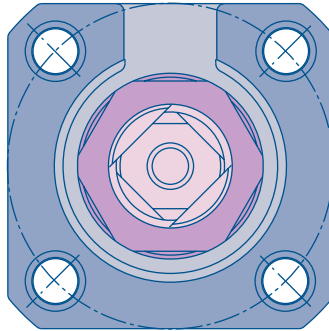
### The functions of the lever

Both lever stop and interlocking device are standard features. A hexagon socket screw defines the end position. The usage of a screw or a padlock makes it possible to connect lever and body of the ball valve. It's the easiest way to prevent unauthorised or unintentional operation.

# Product features, certificates and approvals

## Actuators

The flange acc. to ISO 5211 is connected to the actuator either directly or via a bracket and coupling. You can mount and demount the required actuator type at any time, even when the plant is in operation, which makes changing the actuator a piece of cake.



The labyrinth stuffing box

## Leak tight in series

Klinger is the only manufacturer in the world who offers both valves and seals. The synergistic effect of these two fields of knowledge can be seen in the seals for the seat and the stuffing box. The requirements for limiting emission to prevent air pollution are met demonstrably.

## Special valve typ for gas applications: G-KHE

According to the requirements of the relevant international standards, the usage of an adjustable stuffing box is not allowed for gas applications.

Therefore KLINGER uses O-Ring stuffing boxes. The requirement, for an additional stop which defines the end position if the hand lever is dismantled, is also fulfilled. We offer a solution which can be mounted on the valve body optionally.

For the installation of G-KHE ball valves only one mounting direction is allowed. The correct direction is indicated with an arrow on the valve body.



## Safety with guarantee

Summary of the current type approvals

## Valve according to the clean air regulations (TA-Luft):

The requirements for limiting emissions to prevent air pollution according to VDI 2440 and EN ISO 15848 are clearly fulfilled.

## Fire safety:

The fire-safe-tests according to EN ISO 10497 are certified.

## Valve with class VI leak tightness:

The approval according API/FC104 is issued for soft-sealing elements.

## Valve for natural gas transportation in pipelines:

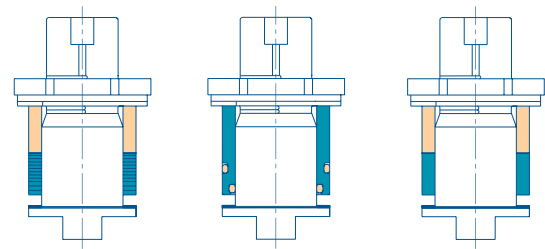
The requirements of the European Standard EN 14141 for valves with a operation pressure over 16 bar are fulfilled.

## Valve for gas distribution systems with operational pressure up to 16 bar:

Type approval according to EN 13774.



The ball valves are by default equipped with the stuffing box "PTFE labyrinth" and the sealing element "KFC 25" as standard. The other versions listed may be ordered optionally when placing the order.



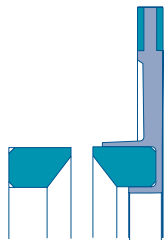
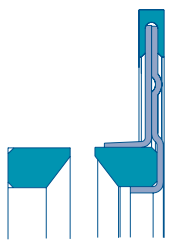
|                                   |                             | Stuffing box   | Stuffing box | Stuffing box       |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|
|                                   |                             | LABYR.         | VIT.         | GRAF.              |
|                                   |                             | PTFE labyrinth | Viton*       | Graphite labyrinth |
| <b>Fluids</b>                     | Water/hot water             | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | Mineral oil                 | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | Heat transfer oil           | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | Liquid gas/low temperature  | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | Saturated steam             | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | Misc. gases                 | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | Vacuum                      | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | Hot steam (max. 300° C)     | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
| <b>Conditions of use</b>          | Standard application        | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | High no. of cycles          | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | Frequent temp. changes      | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | High temperature            | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | Chemical industry           | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | Abrasive fluids             | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
| <b>Approvals and certificates</b> | EN 13774                    | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | EN 14141                    | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | Fire Safe EN ISO 10497      | ■              | ■            | ■                  |
|                                   | EN ISO 15848 resp. VDI 2440 | ■              | ■            | ■                  |


























































■ recommended    ■ less suitable    ■ not recommended

\* (O-ring)



## Operational areas of stuffing box, sealing ring and -element



| Sealing ring/<br>-element   | Sealing ring/<br>-element   | Sealing ring/<br>-element   | Sealing ring/<br>-element   |
|---|---|---|---|
| KFC   | PTF   | M   | FS  |
| KFC-25  | PTFE  | Metal   | Fire Safe   |
|    |    |    |    |
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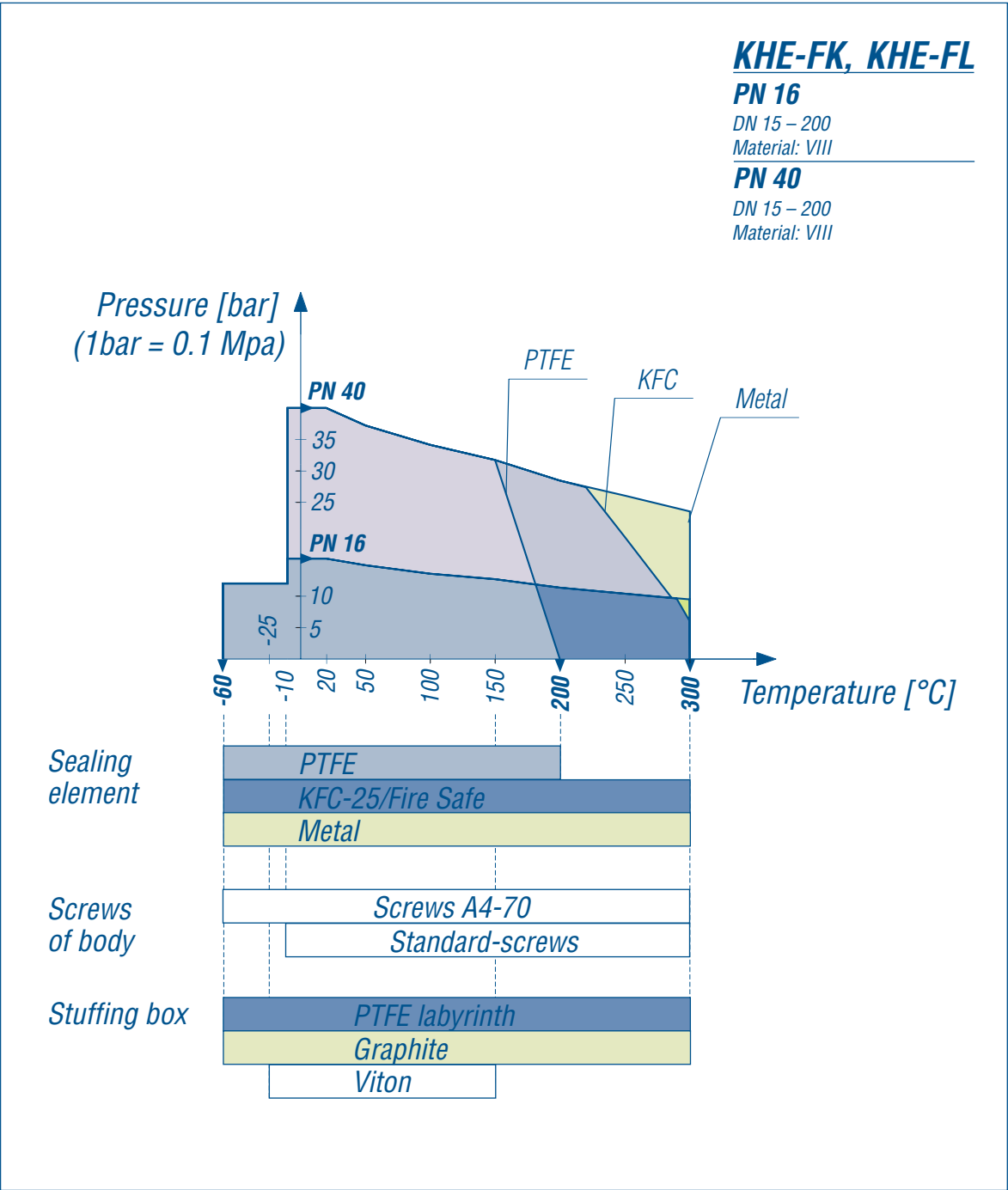
# Pressure and temperature limits of KHE ball valves made of carbon steel

P/T-diagrams are an important tool to visualise the application field of a ball valve.

The strengthness of the body material restricts and standardises the application limits of pressure and temperature.

A general rule for valve bodies consisting of steel:

**A decrease of operating pressure in the nominal pressure range means an increase in the field of applications in the temperature range.**



# Pressure and temperature limits of KHE ball valves made of stainless steel

Additionally the influence of the body materials, the sealing materials and the screws on the range of application of the ball valve is clearly shown in the P/T-diagrams.

Plot your operating point in the diagram fields to find out whether the safety margins meet your requirements or not. At the same time you can see which parameters have to be changed.

Choosing your ball valve this way means optimizing the economy and safety of the valve.

## KHE-FK, KHE-FL

### PN 16

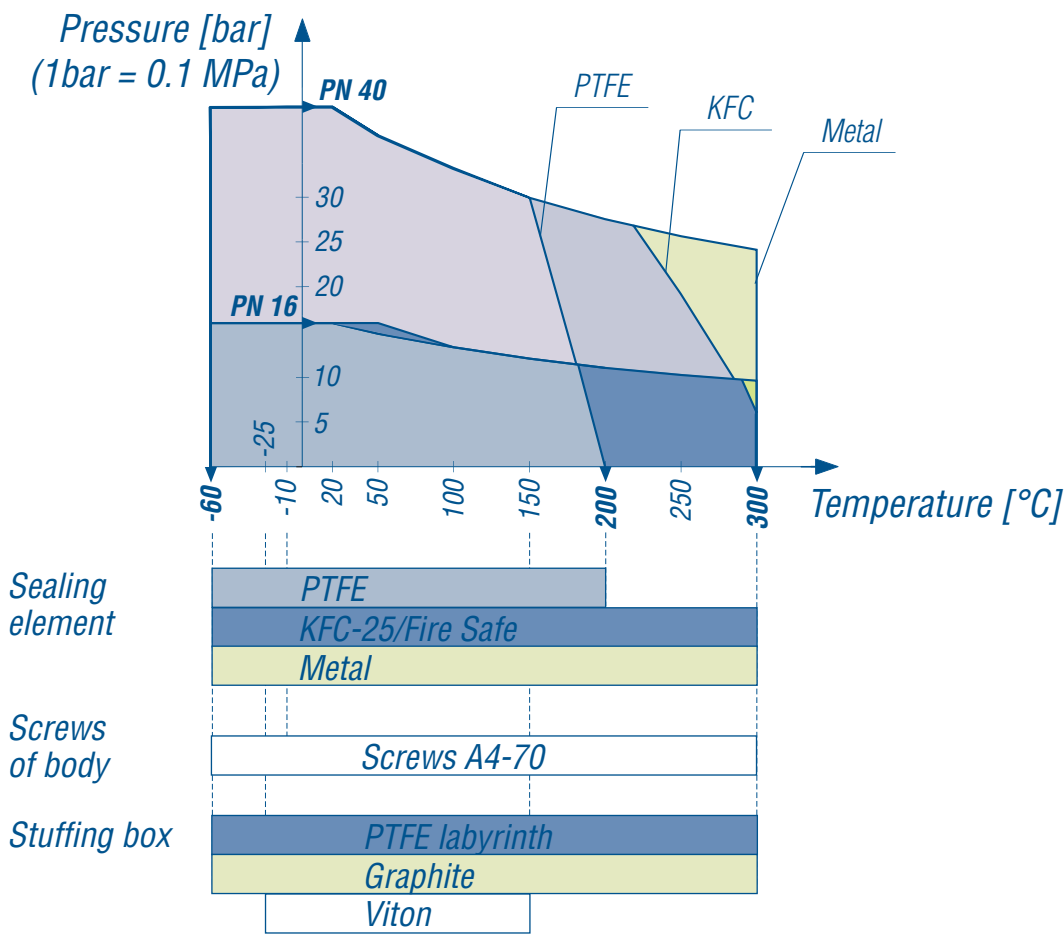
DN 15 – 200

Material: Xc

### PN 40

DN 15 – 200

Material: Xc





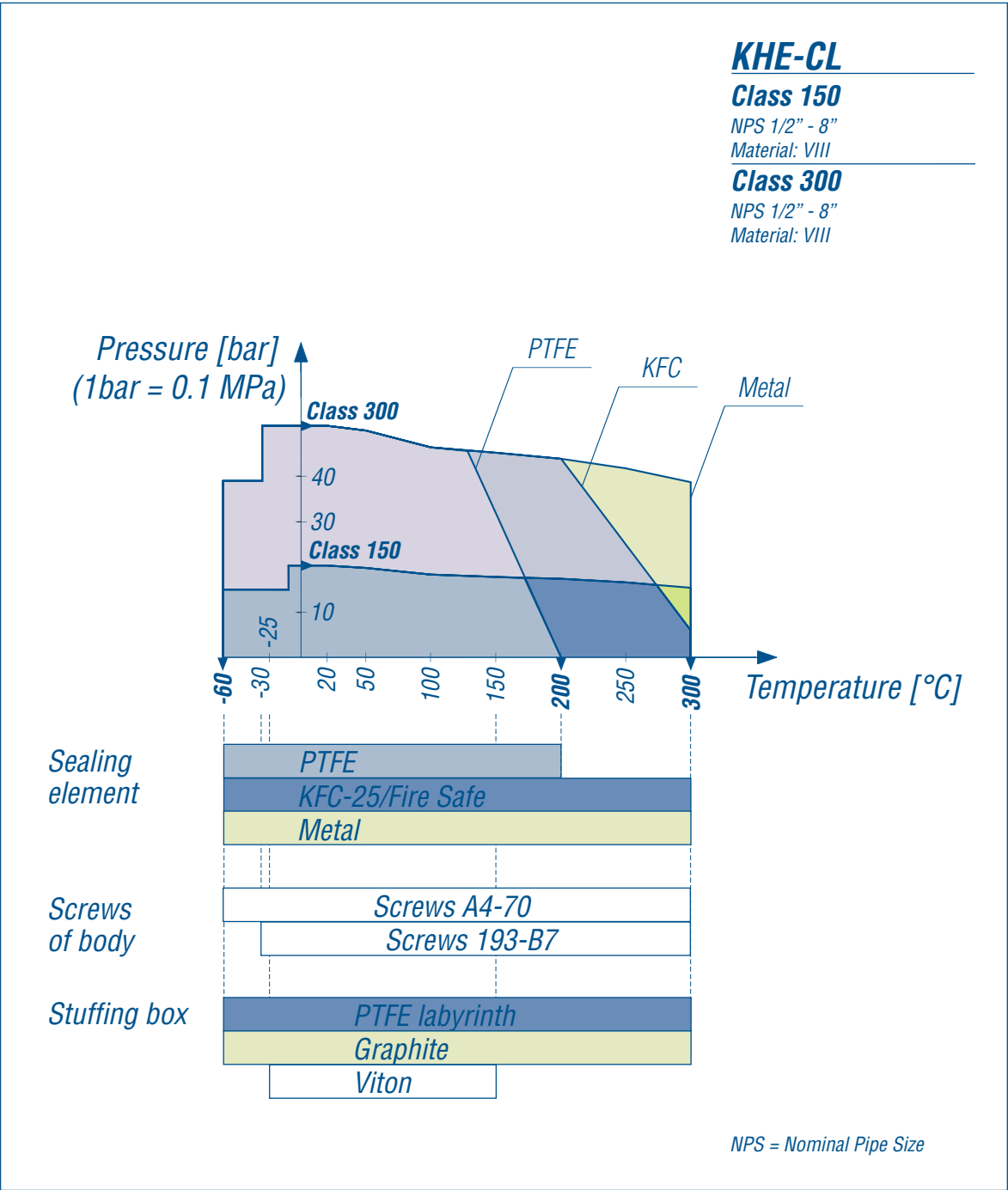
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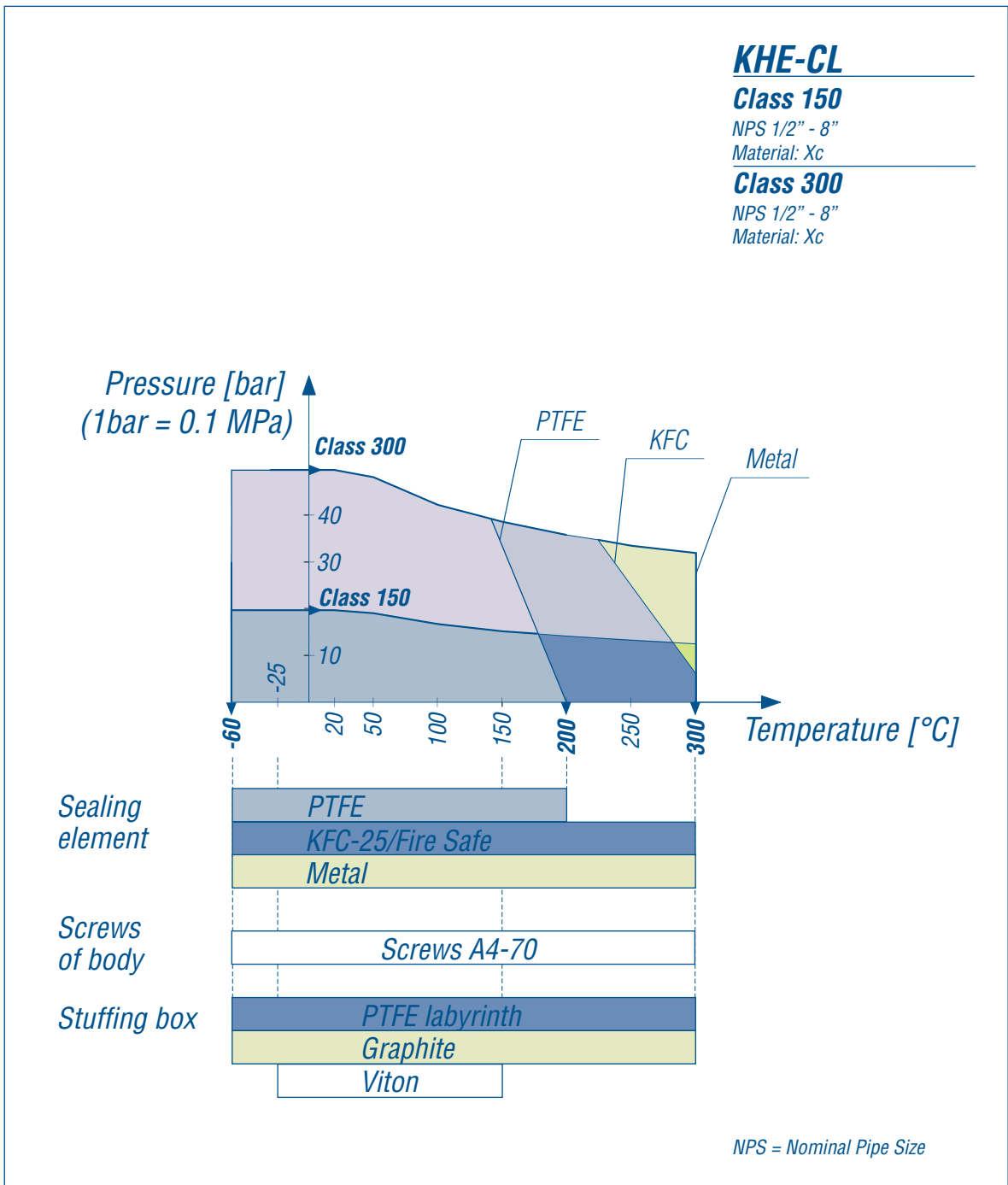


# Pressure and temperature limits of KHE ball valves made of stainless steel

*Additionally the influence of the body materials, the sealing materials and the screws on the range of application of the ball valve is clearly shown in the P/T-diagrams.*

*Plot your operating point in the diagram fields to find out whether the safety margins meet your requirements or not. At the same time you can see which parameters have to be changed.*

*Choosing your ball valve this way  
means optimizing the economy and  
safety of the valve.*







# Material overview and flow characteristic values



## KLINGER material code

| m.c. * | Body and end piece | Internal parts             | Body colour       |
|--------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| VIII   | carbon steel       | without copper alloy parts | black, phosphated |
| Xc     | stainless steel    | stainless steel            | blanc pickled     |

\*m.c. = material code

## Flow characteristic values

The coefficients quoted in the table can be used to calculate the right size or pressure drop of the KHE ball valves. Both the Zeta and  $K_v$  values are shown.

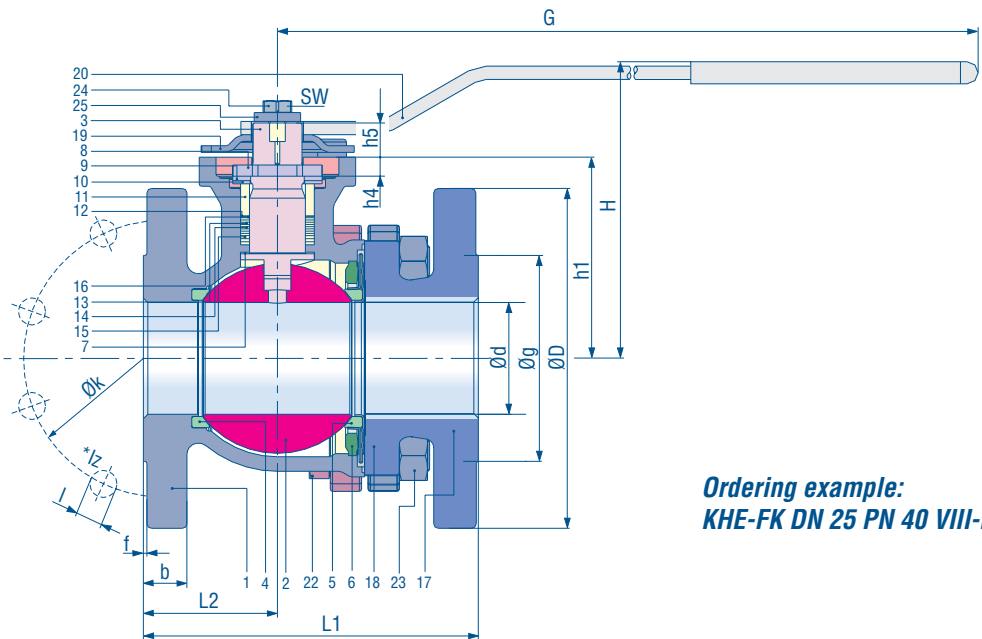
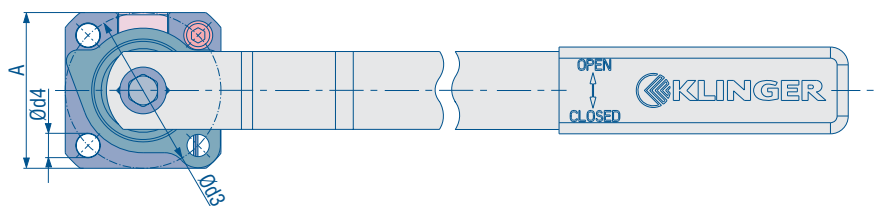
$K_v$  values valid for water with a density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

| DN  | NPS    | Zeta  | $K_v$ (m <sup>3</sup> /h) |
|-----|--------|-------|---------------------------|
| 15  | 1/2"   | 0.23  | 18.8                      |
| 20  | 3/4"   | 0.20  | 35.8                      |
| 25  | 1"     | 0.14  | 66.8                      |
| 32  | 1 1/4" | 0.12  | 118                       |
| 40  | 1 1/2" | 0.11  | 193                       |
| 50  | 2"     | 0.10  | 316                       |
| 65  | 2 1/2" | 0.076 | 607                       |
| 80  | 3"     | 0.067 | 980                       |
| 100 | 4"     | 0.058 | 1645                      |
| 125 | 5"     | 0.051 | 2742                      |
| 150 | 6"     | 0.045 | 4203                      |
| 200 | 8"     | 0.038 | 8131                      |

# Split-body ball valves KHE

Flanges acc. to EN 1092-1 / PN 40 or PN 16, short design

Materials: carbon steel, stainless steel



## KHE-FK

### PN 40

DN 15 - 200  
Materials VIII, Xc

### PN 16

DN 15 - 200  
Materials VIII, Xc

**Face-to-face  
dimensions  
acc. to EN 558-1,  
basic series 27**

**Ordering example:**  
**KHE-FK DN 25 PN 40 VIII-KFC-Laby.**

## Pressure range PN 40

| DN  | PN | Body dimensions |     |     |     |     | Flange dimensions |     |     |   |    |     |    |      | Weight<br>Kg/piece |
|-----|----|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|-----|-----|---|----|-----|----|------|--------------------|
|     |    | d               | L1  | L2  | H   | G   | h1                | D   | g   | f | b  | k   | l  | Iz*1 |                    |
| 15  | 40 | 15              | 115 | 50  | 80  | 132 | 35                | 95  | 45  | 2 | 16 | 65  | 14 | 4    | 2.3                |
| 20  | 40 | 20              | 120 | 45  | 94  | 162 | 46                | 105 | 58  | 2 | 18 | 75  | 14 | 4    | 3.4                |
| 25  | 40 | 25              | 125 | 45  | 98  | 162 | 50                | 115 | 68  | 2 | 18 | 85  | 14 | 4    | 4.1                |
| 32  | 40 | 32              | 130 | 50  | 106 | 252 | 65                | 140 | 78  | 2 | 18 | 100 | 18 | 4    | 6.2                |
| 40  | 40 | 40              | 140 | 50  | 113 | 252 | 72                | 150 | 88  | 3 | 18 | 110 | 18 | 4    | 7.8                |
| 50  | 40 | 50              | 150 | 60  | 131 | 317 | 90                | 165 | 102 | 3 | 20 | 125 | 18 | 4    | 11.4               |
| 65  | 40 | 65              | 170 | 65  | 144 | 317 | 100               | 185 | 122 | 3 | 22 | 145 | 18 | 8    | 16.2               |
| 80  | 40 | 80              | 180 | 65  | 162 | 502 | 122               | 200 | 138 | 3 | 24 | 160 | 18 | 8    | 23.9               |
| 100 | 40 | 100             | 190 | 75  | 176 | 502 | 135               | 235 | 162 | 3 | 24 | 190 | 22 | 8    | 31.6               |
| 125 | 40 | 125             | 325 | 125 | 211 | 652 | 175               | 270 | 188 | 3 | 26 | 220 | 26 | 8    | 64                 |
| 150 | 40 | 150             | 350 | *4  | *4  | *4  | *4                | 300 | 218 | 3 | 28 | 250 | 26 | 8    | *4                 |
| 200 | 40 | 200             | 400 | *4  | *4  | *3  | *4                | 375 | 285 | 3 | 34 | 320 | 30 | 12   | *4                 |

## Pressure range PN 16\*2

| DN  | PN | Body dimensions |     |     |     |     | Flange dimensions |     |     |   |    |     |    |      | Weight<br>Kg/piece |
|-----|----|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|-----|-----|---|----|-----|----|------|--------------------|
|     |    | D               | L1  | L2  | H   | G   | h1                | D   | g   | f | b  | k   | l  | Iz*1 |                    |
| 65  | 16 | 65              | 170 | 65  | 144 | 315 | 100               | 185 | 122 | 3 | 22 | 145 | 18 | 4    | 16.2               |
| 80  | 16 | 80              | 180 | 65  | 162 | 500 | 122               | 200 | 138 | 3 | 24 | 160 | 18 | 8    | 23.9               |
| 100 | 16 | 100             | 190 | 75  | 176 | 500 | 135               | 220 | 158 | 3 | 24 | 180 | 18 | 8    | 31.6               |
| 125 | 16 | 125             | 325 | 125 | 211 | 650 | 175               | 250 | 188 | 3 | 26 | 210 | 18 | 8    | 64                 |
| 150 | 16 | 150             | 350 | 150 | 234 | 650 | 195               | 285 | 212 | 3 | 32 | 240 | 22 | 8    | *4                 |
| 200 | 16 | 200             | 400 | 170 | 300 | *3  | 264               | 340 | 268 | 3 | 34 | 295 | 22 | 12   | 167.3              |

## Components and materials of standard type

| Pos | Part                 | Material        |          |
|-----|----------------------|-----------------|----------|
|     |                      | VIII            | Xc       |
| 1   | Body                 | 1.0619          | 1.4408   |
| 2   | Ball                 | 1.4401          | 1.4401   |
| 3   | Operating stem       | 1.4104          | 1.4571   |
| 4   | Sealing ring         | KFC-25          | KFC-25   |
| 5   | Sealing element      | KFC-25          | KFC-25   |
| 6   | Supporting ring      | SINT C39        | 1.4404   |
| 7   | Slip ring            | KFC-25          | KFC-25   |
| 8   | Stuffing box nut     | 1.4404          | 1.4404   |
| 9   | Loading ring         | 1.4404          | 1.4404   |
| 10  | Belleville washer    | 1.4310          | 1.4310   |
| 11  | Fem. Supporting ring | 1.4404          | 1.4404   |
| 12  | Antistatic disc      | 1.4401          | 1.4401   |
| 13  | Disc                 | 1.4401          | 1.4401   |
| 14  | Stuffing box lamella | K-Flon          | K-Flon   |
| 15  | Washer               | Graphite        | Graphite |
| 16  | Washer               | Graphite        | Graphite |
| 17  | End piece            | 1.0619          | 1.4408   |
| 18  | Sealing ring         | Graphite        | Graphite |
| 19  | Stop                 | 1.4310          | 1.4310   |
| 20  | Hand lever           | stainless steel |          |
| 22  | Heavy hex screw      | 8.8             | A4-70    |
| 23  | Heavy hex nut        | 8               | A4       |
| 24  | Heavy hex screw      | A4-70           | A4-70    |
| 25  | Disc                 | A4              | A4       |

\*1 = Number of drilling holes

\*2 = DN 15–50 and DN 80: the flange dimensions of pressure stage PN 16 are equal to the measurements of PN 40 flanges.

\*3 = DN 200 standardly with bare shaft (no lever)

\*4 = Dimensions on request



# Split-body ball valves KHE

Flanges acc. to EN 1092-1 / PN 40 or PN 16, long design

Materials: carbon steel, stainless steel

## KHE-FL

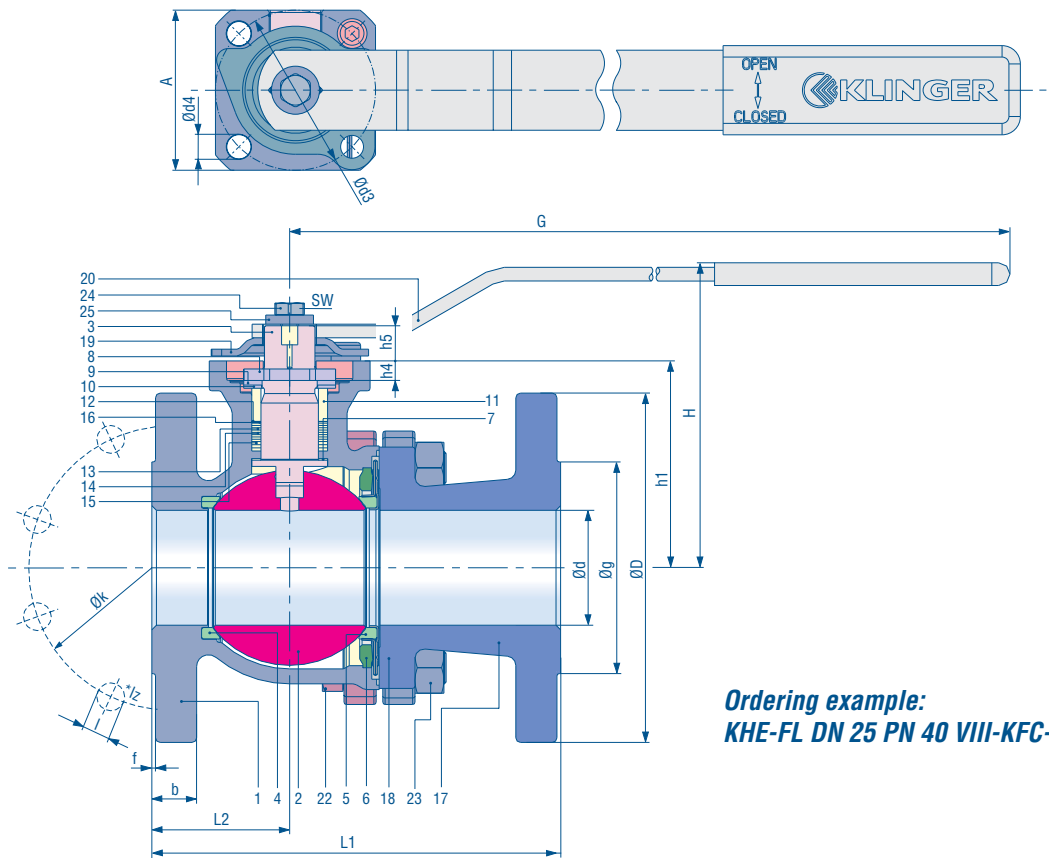
### PN 40

DN 15 - 200  
Material VIII, Xc

### PN 16

DN 15 - 200  
Material VIII, Xc

**Face-to-face  
dimensions  
acc. to EN 558-1,  
basic series 1**



**Ordering example:**  
**KHE-FL DN 25 PN 40 VIII-KFC-Laby.**

## Pressure range PN 40

| DN  | PN | Body dimensions |      |     |     |     | Flange dimensions |     |     |   |    |     |    |      | Weight   |
|-----|----|-----------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|-----|-----|---|----|-----|----|------|----------|
|     |    | d               | L1   | L2  | H   | G   | h1                | D   | g   | f | b  | k   | l  | lz*1 | Kg/piece |
| 15  | 40 | 15              | 1130 | 50  | 80  | 130 | 35                | 95  | 45  | 2 | 16 | 65  | 14 | 4    | 2.4      |
| 20  | 40 | 20              | 150  | 45  | 94  | 160 | 46                | 105 | 58  | 2 | 18 | 75  | 14 | 4    | 3.6      |
| 25  | 40 | 25              | 160  | 45  | 98  | 160 | 50                | 115 | 68  | 2 | 18 | 85  | 14 | 4    | 4.5      |
| 32  | 40 | 32              | 180  | 50  | 106 | 250 | 65                | 140 | 78  | 2 | 18 | 100 | 18 | 4    | 6.9      |
| 40  | 40 | 40              | 200  | 50  | 113 | 250 | 72                | 150 | 88  | 3 | 18 | 110 | 18 | 4    | 8.8      |
| 50  | 40 | 50              | 230  | 60  | 131 | 315 | 90                | 165 | 102 | 3 | 20 | 125 | 18 | 4    | 13.6     |
| 65  | 40 | 65              | 290  | 65  | 141 | 315 | 100               | 185 | 122 | 3 | 22 | 145 | 18 | 8    | 19.5     |
| 80  | 40 | 80              | 310  | 65  | 162 | 500 | 122               | 200 | 138 | 3 | 24 | 160 | 18 | 8    | 28.4     |
| 100 | 40 | 100             | 350  | 75  | 176 | 500 | 135               | 235 | 162 | 3 | 24 | 190 | 22 | 8    | 38.7     |
| 125 | 40 | 125             | 400  | 125 | 211 | 650 | 175               | 270 | 188 | 3 | 26 | 220 | 26 | 8    | 67.4     |
| 150 | 40 | 150             | 480  | *4  | *4  | *4  | *4                | 300 | 218 | 3 | 28 | 250 | 26 | 8    | *4       |
| 200 | 40 | 200             | 600  | *4  | *4  | *3  | *4                | 375 | 285 | 3 | 34 | 320 | 30 | 12   | *4       |

## Pressure range PN 16\*2

| DN  | PN | Body dimensions |     |     |     |     | Flange dimensions |     |     |   |    |     |    |      | Weight   |
|-----|----|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|-----|-----|---|----|-----|----|------|----------|
|     |    | d               | L1  | L2  | H   | G   | h1                | D   | g   | f | b  | k   | l  | lz*1 | Kg/piece |
| 65  | 16 | 65              | 290 | 65  | 141 | 315 | 100               | 185 | 122 | 3 | 22 | 145 | 16 | 4    | 19.5     |
| 80  | 16 | 80              | 310 | 65  | 162 | 500 | 122               | 200 | 138 | 3 | 24 | 160 | 18 | 8    | 28.4     |
| 100 | 16 | 100             | 350 | 75  | 176 | 500 | 135               | 220 | 158 | 3 | 24 | 180 | 18 | 8    | 38.7     |
| 125 | 16 | 125             | 400 | 125 | 211 | 650 | 175               | 250 | 188 | 3 | 26 | 210 | 18 | 8    | 67.4     |
| 150 | 16 | 150             | 480 | 150 | 234 | 650 | 195               | 285 | 212 | 3 | 32 | 240 | 22 | 8    | *4       |
| 200 | 16 | 200             | 600 | 170 | 300 | *3  | 264               | 340 | 268 | 3 | 34 | 295 | 22 | 12   | 167.3    |

\*1 = Number of drilling holes

\*2 = DN 15-50 and DN 80: the flange dimensions of pressure stage PN 16 are equal to the measurements of PN 40 flanges.

\*3 = DN 200 standardly with bare shaft (no lever)

\*4 = Dimensions on request

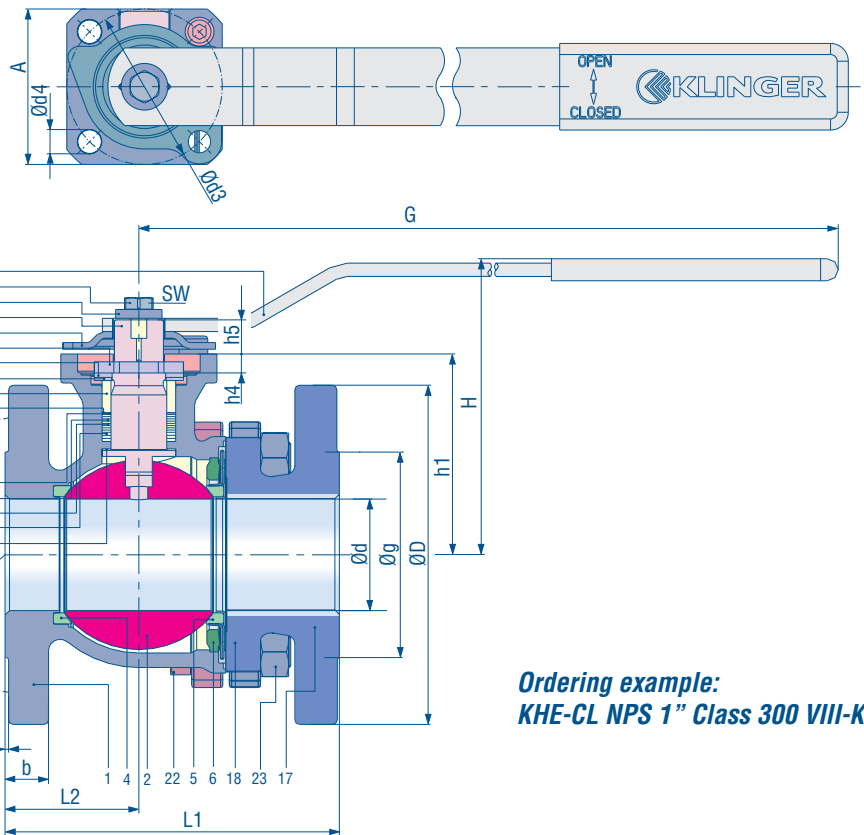
## Components and materials of standard type

| Pos | Part                 | Material        |          |
|-----|----------------------|-----------------|----------|
|     |                      | VIII            | Xc       |
| 1   | Body                 | 1.0619          | 1.4408   |
| 2   | Ball                 | 1.4401          | 1.4401   |
| 3   | Operating stem       | 1.4104          | 1.4571   |
| 4   | Sealing ring         | KFC-25          | KFC-25   |
| 5   | Sealing element      | KFC-25          | KFC-25   |
| 6   | Supporting ring      | SINT C39        | 1.4404   |
| 7   | Slip ring            | KFC-25          | KFC-25   |
| 8   | Stuffing box nut     | 1.4404          | 1.4404   |
| 9   | Loading ring         | 1.4404          | 1.4404   |
| 10  | Belleville washer    | 1.4310          | 1.4310   |
| 11  | Fem. Supporting ring | 1.4404          | 1.4404   |
| 12  | Antistatic disc      | 1.4401          | 1.4401   |
| 13  | Disc                 | 1.4401          | 1.4401   |
| 14  | Stuffing box lamella | K-Flon          | K-Flon   |
| 15  | Washer               | Graphite        | Graphite |
| 16  | Washer               | Graphite        | Graphite |
| 17  | End piece            | 1.0619          | 1.0619   |
| 18  | Sealing ring         | Graphite        | Graphite |
| 19  | Stop                 | 1.4310          | 1.4310   |
| 20  | Hand lever           | stainless steel |          |
| 22  | Heavy hex screw      | 8.8             | A4-70    |
| 23  | Heavy hex nut        | 8               | A4       |
| 24  | Heavy hex screw      | A4-70           | A4-70    |
| 25  | Disc                 | A4              | A4       |

# Split-body ball valves KHE

Flanges acc. to ANSI B16.5, Class 150/300

Materials: carbon steel, stainless steel



## KHE-CL

### Class 150

NPS 1/2" - 8"  
Material: VIII, Xc

### Class 300

NPS 1/2" - 8"  
Material: VIII, Xc

Face-to-face  
dimensions  
acc. to  
ANSI B16.10

Ordering example:  
KHE-CL NPS 1" Class 300 VIII-KFC-Laby.

## Pressure range Class 150

| NPS    | Class | Body dimensions |     |     |     |     | Flange dimensions |     |       |     |      |       |    |                  | Weight   |  |
|--------|-------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|-----|-------|-----|------|-------|----|------------------|----------|--|
|        |       | d               | L1  | L2  | H   | G   | h1                | D   | g     | f   | b    | k     | l  | l <sup>z</sup> * | Kg/piece |  |
| 1/2"   | 150   | 1/2"            | 108 | 43  | 81  | 130 | 35                | 89  | 34.9  | 1.6 | 11.5 | 60.3  | 16 | 4                | 1.6      |  |
| 3/4"   | 150   | 3/4"            | 117 | 42  | 95  | 160 | 46.5              | 98  | 42.9  | 1.6 | 13   | 69.9  | 16 | 4                | 2.5      |  |
| 1"     | 150   | 1"              | 127 | 47  | 98  | 160 | 50                | 108 | 50.8  | 1.6 | 14.5 | 79.4  | 16 | 4                | 3.3      |  |
| 1 1/2" | 150   | 1 1/2"          | 165 | 64  | 114 | 250 | 72.5              | 127 | 73    | 1.6 | 17.5 | 98.4  | 16 | 4                | 7        |  |
| 2"     | 150   | 2"              | 178 | 60  | 131 | 315 | 90                | 152 | 92.1  | 1.6 | 19.5 | 120.6 | 20 | 4                | 11.2     |  |
| 2 1/2" | 150   | 2 1/2"          | 191 | 66  | 141 | 315 | 100               | 178 | 104.8 | 1.6 | 22.5 | 139.7 | 20 | 4                | 17.1     |  |
| 3"     | 150   | 3"              | 203 | 83  | 163 | 500 | 121               | 191 | 127   | 1.6 | 24   | 152.4 | 20 | 4                | 24.3     |  |
| 4"     | 150   | 4"              | 229 | 83  | 176 | 500 | 135               | 229 | 157.2 | 1.6 | 24   | 190.5 | 20 | 8                | 34.8     |  |
| 6"     | 150   | 6"              | 267 | 150 | 234 | 650 | 195               | 279 | 215.9 | 1.6 | 25.5 | 214.3 | 23 | 8                | 92.3     |  |
| 8"     | 150   | 8"              | 292 | 229 | 300 | *2  | 264               | 343 | 269.9 | 1.6 | 29   | 298.4 | 23 | 8                | 159.3    |  |

## Pressure range Class 300

| NPS    | Class | Body dimensions |     |     |     |     | Flange dimensions |     |       |     |      |       |    |                 | Weight   |  |
|--------|-------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|-----|-------|-----|------|-------|----|-----------------|----------|--|
|        |       | d               | L1  | L2  | H   | G   | h1                | D   | g     | f   | b    | k     | l  | l <sup>z1</sup> | Kg/piece |  |
| 1/2"   | 300   | 1/2"            | 140 | 70  | 81  | 130 | 35                | 95  | 34.9  | 1.6 | 14.5 | 60.7  | 16 | 4               | 2.3      |  |
| 3/4"   | 300   | 3/4"            | 152 | 65  | 95  | 160 | 46.5              | 117 | 42.9  | 1.6 | 16   | 82.5  | 20 | 4               | 3.8      |  |
| 1"     | 300   | 1"              | 165 | 75  | 98  | 160 | 50                | 124 | 50.8  | 1.6 | 17.5 | 88.9  | 20 | 4               | 4.7      |  |
| 1 1/2" | 300   | 1 1/2"          | 191 | 75  | 114 | 250 | 72.5              | 156 | 73    | 1.6 | 21   | 114.3 | 23 | 4               | 9.7      |  |
| 2"     | 300   | 2"              | 216 | 90  | 131 | 315 | 90                | 165 | 92.1  | 1.6 | 22.5 | 127   | 20 | 4               | 13.4     |  |
| 2 1/2" | 300   | 2 1/2"          | 241 | 111 | 141 | 315 | 100               | 191 | 104.8 | 1.6 | 25.5 | 149.2 | 23 | 4               | 19.8     |  |
| 3"     | 300   | 3"              | 282 | 127 | 163 | 500 | 121               | 210 | 127   | 1.6 | 29   | 168.3 | 23 | 4               | 30.9     |  |
| 4"     | 300   | 4"              | 305 | 135 | 176 | 500 | 135               | 254 | 157.2 | 1.6 | 32   | 200   | 23 | 8               | 46.4     |  |
| 6"     | 300   | 6"              | 403 | *3  | *3  | *3  | *3                | 398 | 215.9 | 1.6 | 37   | 269.9 | 23 | 12              | *3       |  |
| 8"     | 300   | 8"              | 419 | *3  | *3  | *2  | *3                | 381 | 269.9 | 1.6 | 41.5 | 330.2 | 26 | 12              | *3       |  |

\*1 = Number of drilling holes

\*2 = NPS 8" standardly with bare shaft (no lever)

\*3 = Dimensions on request

## Components and materials of standard type

| Pos | Part                 | Material        |          |
|-----|----------------------|-----------------|----------|
|     |                      | VIII            | Xc       |
| 1   | Body                 | WCB             | CF8M     |
| 2   | Ball                 | CF8M            | CF8M     |
| 3   | Operating stem       | 430F            | 316Ti    |
| 4   | Sealing ring         | KFC-25          | KFC-25   |
| 5   | Sealing element      | KFC-25          | KFC-25   |
| 6   | Supporting ring      | SINT C39        | 316L     |
| 7   | Slip ring            | KFC-25          | KFC-25   |
| 8   | Stuffing box nut     | 316L            | 316L     |
| 9   | Loading ring         | 316L            | 316L     |
| 10  | Belleville washer    | 301             | 301      |
| 11  | Fem. Supporting ring | 316L            | 316L     |
| 12  | Antistatic disc      | 316             | 316      |
| 13  | Disc                 | 316             | 316      |
| 14  | Stuffing box lamella | K-Flon          | K-Flon   |
| 15  | Washer               | Graphite        | Graphite |
| 16  | Washer               | Graphite        | Graphite |
| 17  | End piece            | WCB             | CF8M     |
| 18  | Sealing ring         | Graphite        | Graphite |
| 19  | Stop                 | 301             | 310      |
| 20  | Hand lever           | stainless steel |          |
| 22  | Heavy hex screw      | B7              | A4-70    |
| 23  | Heavy hex nut        | 2H              | A4       |
| 24  | Heavy hex screw      | A4-70           | A4-70    |
| 25  | Disc                 | A4              | A4       |



# Spare parts, accessories and special designs

**KLINGERballostar® KHE ball valves are maintenance-free!**

## Spare parts:

The modular construction design of the ball valve makes it easy to change components, which are damaged because of wear out or corrosion. The installation of original KLINGER spare parts enables the original quality of the valve, even after years of operation.



Spare parts: sealing ring, sealing element and washers for the labyrinth stuffing box

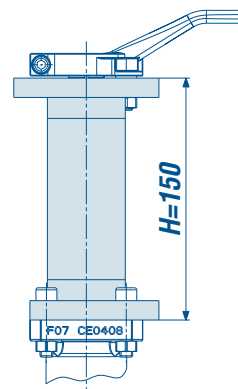


Standard type of spare part ball

The modular system of the valve components also ensures the technical upgrading or adaption to special requirements. For example it is possible to replace a KFC-sealing element with a metal-sealing element. For detailed information feel free to contact our sales team.

## Special designs

Our customers and their needs are in center of attention. In close cooperation innovative and tailor-made solutions are developed to fulfil the specified assignments. Our main criterion is to achieve customer satisfaction:



KLINGERballostar® KHE with operating stem extension and protection pipe

## Among other things we offer the following special designs and equipment:

- Fire-safe version
- Vacuum application
- Valve for gas application (sealing of stuffing box with O-rings)
- Metal sealing element for abrasive medium
- Heating jacket
- Operating stem extension, optional with protection pipe (standard length 150 mm)
- Mounting kits (bracket and coupling) used as connection element between top flange and actuator.



Without automation hardly any cost-effective industrial process is imaginable. Rising requirements for operating and controlling valves in installations are challenges we face. The application of actuators helps to realise the customer specific demands for valve-automation.

Type overview of actuators and specifications

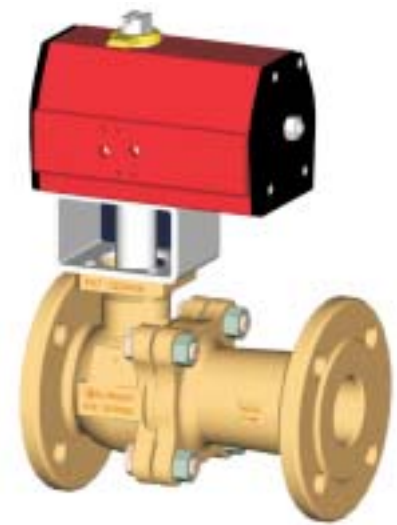
KLINGERballostar KHE ball valves can be equipped with all types of actuators.

Absolutely necessary information for dimensioning of actuator:

- 1. Size of the ball valve and the operating torque (the following two pages show how to choose the correct nominal size and torque)
- 2. Type of actuator: – electro-mechanic (operating voltage and frequency) – pneumatic (single or double acting, control pressure) – hydraulic
- 3. Type of mounting: directly or with bracket and coupling (direct mounting is not recommended for temperatures above 80°C)



- 4. Positioning time
- 5. Accessories: limit switch, solenoid valve, controlling device a.o.

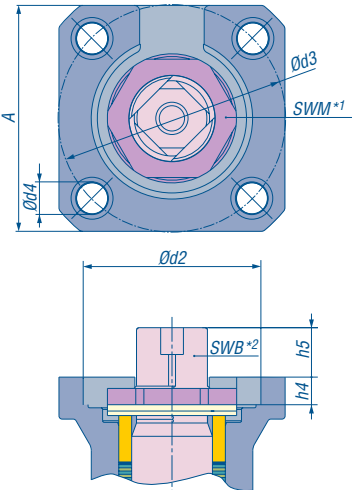


KHE-FL with pneumatic actuator



KHE-FK with electro-mechanic actuator

Dimensions of top flange (acc. to ISO 5211)



| Top flange for actuator attachment |        |     |     |     |       |          |    |     |     |      |       |
|------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------|----------|----|-----|-----|------|-------|
| Size                               |        | ISO | A   | d3  | SWM*1 |          | d2 | d4  | h4  | h5   | SWB*2 |
| DN                                 | NPS    |     |     |     | DIN   | ANSI     |    |     |     |      |       |
| 15                                 | 1/2"   | F04 | 42  | 42  | 16    | 5/8"     | 30 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 7    | 8     |
| 20                                 | 3/4"   | F04 | 42  | 42  | 22    | 7/8"     | 30 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 9.5  | 11    |
| 25                                 | 1"     | F04 | 42  | 42  | 22    | 7/8"     | 30 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 9.5  | 11    |
| 32                                 | 1 1/4" | F05 | 50  | 50  | 24    | 1 1/8"   | 35 | 7   | 7.5 | 12.3 | 14    |
| 40                                 | 1 1/2" | F05 | 50  | 50  | 24    | 1 1/8"   | 35 | 7   | 7.5 | 12.3 | 14    |
| 50                                 | 2"     | F07 | 70  | 70  | 36    | 1 7/16"  | 55 | 10  | 8.5 | 15.3 | 17    |
| 65                                 | 2 1/2" | F07 | 70  | 70  | 36    | 1 7/16"  | 55 | 10  | 8.5 | 15.3 | 17    |
| 80                                 | 3"     | F10 | 102 | 102 | 46    | 1 13/16" | 70 | 12  | 9   | 20.5 | 22    |
| 100                                | 4"     | F10 | 102 | 102 | 46    | 1 13/16" | 70 | 12  | 9   | 20.5 | 22    |
| 125                                | 5"     | F12 | 125 | 125 | 50    | 2"       | 85 | 15  | 11  | 25.5 | 27    |
| 150                                | 6"     | F12 | 125 | 125 | 50    | 2"       | 85 | 15  | 11  | 25.5 | 27    |
| 200                                | 8"     | F14 | 140 | 140 | 65    | 2 9/16"  | 98 | 18  | 10  | 36   | 36    |

\*1 = Wrench size of hexagonal stuffing box nut      \*2 = Wrench size of square operating stem



# The way to the right actuator

## Choice of actuator

### Torques of the various seals

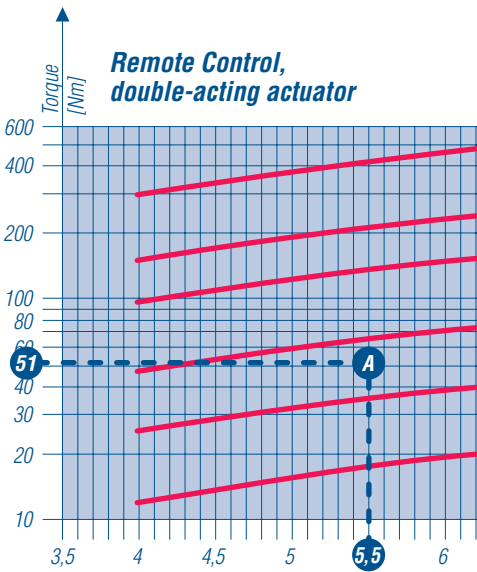
| 1      |     | KFC                         |       |       |       |           |       |       |      |           |  |
|--------|-----|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|------|-----------|--|
| Size   |     | Differential pressure (bar) |       |       |       |           |       |       |      |           |  |
| NPS    | DN  | 0                           | 5     | 10    | 16    | Class 150 | 25    | 30    | 40   | Class 300 |  |
| inch   | mm  | Torque Nm                   |       |       |       |           |       |       |      |           |  |
| 1/2"   | 15  | 6                           | 6.2   | 6.4   | 6.6   | 6.8       | 7     | 7.2   | 7.6  | 8         |  |
| 3/4"   | 20  | 12                          | 12.4  | 12.7  | 13.1  | 13.4      | 13.8  | 14.1  | 14.8 | 15.5      |  |
| 1"     | 25  | 14                          | 15    | 16.1  | 17.3  | 18.1      | 19.2  | 20.2  | 22.3 | 24.3      |  |
| 1 1/4" | 32  | 17                          | 18.4  | 19.9  | 21.6  | 22.7      | 24.1  | 25.6  | 28.4 | 31.3      |  |
| 1 1/2" | 40  | 25                          | 27.8  | 30.6  | 33.9  | 36.1      | 38.9  | 41.7  | 47.2 | 52.8      |  |
| 2"     | 50  | 37                          | 40.6  | 44.3  | 48.6  | 51.5      | 55.1  | 58.8  | 66   |           |  |
| 2 1/2" | 65  | 60                          | 66.23 | 72.5  | 80    | 85        | 91.3  | 97.5  | 110  |           |  |
| 3"     | 80  | 96                          | 114   | 132   | 153.6 | 168       | 186   | 204   | 240  |           |  |
| 4"     | 100 | 160                         | 183.8 | 207.5 | 236   | 255       | 278.8 | 302.5 | 350  |           |  |
| 5"     | 125 | 270                         | 317.5 | 365   | 422   | 460       | 507.5 | 555   | 650  |           |  |

| 2      |     | PTFE                        |       |       |       |           |       |       |       |           |  |
|--------|-----|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|--|
| Size   |     | Differential pressure (bar) |       |       |       |           |       |       |       |           |  |
| NPS    | DN  | 0                           | 5     | 10    | 16    | Class 150 | 25    | 30    | 40    | Class 300 |  |
| inch   | mm  | Torque Nm                   |       |       |       |           |       |       |       |           |  |
| 1/2"   | 15  | 5.4                         | 5.6   | 5.8   | 6.0   | 6.1       | 6.3   | 6.5   | 6.4   | 7.2       |  |
| 3/4"   | 20  | 10.8                        | 11.1  | 11.4  | 11.8  | 12.1      | 12.4  | 12.7  | 13.3  | 14.0      |  |
| 1"     | 25  | 12.6                        | 13.5  | 14.5  | 15.6  | 16.3      | 17.2  | 18.2  | 20.0  | 21.9      |  |
| 1 1/4" | 32  | 15.3                        | 16.6  | 17.9  | 19.4  | 20.4      | 21.7  | 23.0  | 25.6  | 28.2      |  |
| 1 1/2" | 40  | 21.3                        | 23.6  | 26.0  | 28.8  | 30.7      | 33.1  | 35.4  | 40.1  | 44.9      |  |
| 2"     | 50  | 30.3                        | 33.3  | 36.3  | 39.9  | 42.2      | 45.2  | 48.2  | 54.1  |           |  |
| 2 1/2" | 65  | 51.0                        | 56.3  | 61.6  | 68.0  | 72.3      | 77.6  | 82.9  | 93.5  |           |  |
| 3"     | 80  | 72.0                        | 85.5  | 99.0  | 115.2 | 126.0     | 139.5 | 153.0 | 180.0 |           |  |
| 4"     | 100 | 120.0                       | 137.8 | 155.6 | 177.0 | 191.3     | 209.1 | 226.9 | 262.5 |           |  |
| 5"     | 125 | 202.5                       | 238.1 | 273.8 | 316.5 | 345.0     | 380.6 | 416.3 | 487.5 |           |  |

| 3      |     | Metal                       |       |       |      |           |       |       |      |           |  |
|--------|-----|-----------------------------|-------|-------|------|-----------|-------|-------|------|-----------|--|
| Size   |     | Differential pressure (bar) |       |       |      |           |       |       |      |           |  |
| NPS    | DN  | 0                           | 5     | 10    | 16   | Class 150 | 25    | 30    | 40   | Class 300 |  |
| inch   | mm  | Torque Nm                   |       |       |      |           |       |       |      |           |  |
| 1/2"   | 15  | 7.5                         | 7.8   | 8.2   | 8.5  | 8.8       | 9.1   | 9.5   | 10.1 | 10.8      |  |
| 3/4"   | 20  | 15                          | 15.7  | 16.4  | 17.2 | 17.8      | 18.5  | 19.2  | 20.6 | 22        |  |
| 1"     | 25  | 18                          | 19.4  | 20.9  | 22.6 | 23.7      | 25.1  | 26.6  | 29.4 | 32.3      |  |
| 1 1/4" | 32  | 25                          | 26.7  | 28.3  | 30.3 | 31.7      | 33.3  | 35.0  | 38.3 | 41.7      |  |
| 1 1/2" | 40  | 40                          | 44.8  | 49.5  | 55.2 | 59        | 63.8  | 68.6  | 78.1 | 87.6      |  |
| 2"     | 50  | 55                          | 64.4  | 73.8  | 85   | 92.5      | 101.9 | 111.3 | 130  |           |  |
| 2 1/2" | 65  | 85                          | 101.9 | 118.8 | 139  | 152.5     | 169.4 | 186.3 | 220  |           |  |
| 3"     | 80  | 140                         | 172.5 | 205   | 244  | 270       | 302.5 | 335   | 400  |           |  |
| 4"     | 100 | 250                         | 293.8 | 337.5 | 390  | 425       | 468.8 | 512.5 | 600  |           |  |
| 5"     | 125 | 450                         | 580   | 710   | 866  | 970       | 1.100 |       |      |           |  |

| 4      |     | Viton                       |       |       |     |  |
|--------|-----|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-----|--|
| Size   |     | Differential pressure (bar) |       |       |     |  |
| NPS    | DN  | 0                           | 5     | 10    | 16  |  |
| inch   | mm  | Torque Nm                   |       |       |     |  |
| 1/2"   | 15  |                             |       |       |     |  |
| 3/4"   | 20  |                             |       |       |     |  |
| 1"     | 25  | 14                          | 15.9  | 17.8  | 20  |  |
| 1 1/4" | 32  | 18                          | 20.2  | 22.4  | 25  |  |
| 1 1/2" | 40  | 25                          | 29.7  | 34.4  | 40  |  |
| 2"     | 50  | 40                          | 49.4  | 58.8  | 70  |  |
| 2 1/2" | 65  | 55                          | 72.2  | 89.4  | 110 |  |
| 3"     | 80  | 100                         | 150   | 200   | 260 |  |
| 4"     | 100 | 160                         | 219.4 | 278.8 | 350 |  |
| 5"     | 125 |                             |       |       |     |  |

**KLINGER recommends to use a factor of 1.5, i.e. plus 50% for standard calculations.**



Transfer the design torque and the control pressure to obtain the working point A. Now you choose the actuator with the next higher torque. In this case it is RC 230-DA.

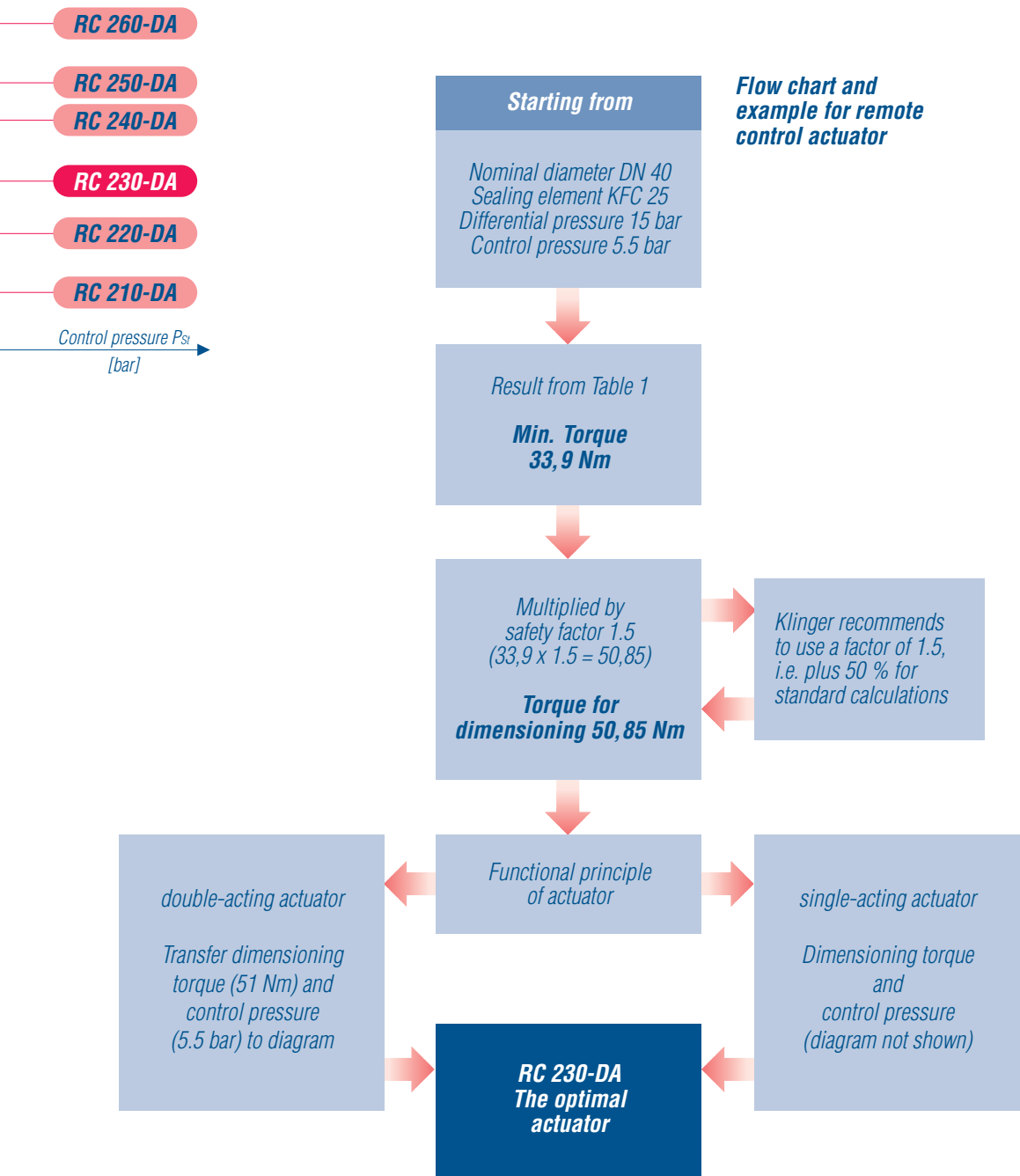
# The way to the right actuator

You can save on investment and additional costs by designing the actuator for your ball valve assuming not the possible but the necessary maximum.

**The torque of the actuator is determined by the required differential pressure, not by the nominal pressure.**

What's more, the KLINGER ballstar KHE ball valve has the same, relatively low torque in all operating states.

When both aspects are considered, the actuator can often be smaller by one or two performance stages, which leads to a smaller overall size and fitting dimension, which is an important advice for a plant constructor. Small size also means lower power and energy requirement for the kinematics. And this day by day, for many years.





# Table of chemical resistance

The recommendations in this table should help you to choose suitable materials and types. We cannot assume a guarantee since the function and durability of the products are largely dependent on factors which can't be influenced by the manufacturer.

In the event of specific conditions of approval, these must be observed. Please contact us if in doubt. Wherever solids are named in the list, what is meant are their aqueous solutions or suspensions.

## Designation of sealing materials:

KFC-25 = KLINGERflon® carbon-reinforced

PTFE = KLINGERflon® PTFE

Metal = 1.4436 sealing ring coated With STELLITE

Viton = Fluorinated rubber

| Fluid                | Chemical formula                                 | Concentration & temperature |     | Sealing materials |      |       |       | Body (material code) |    |
|----------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----|-------------------|------|-------|-------|----------------------|----|
|                      |  | %                           | °C  | KFC-25            | PTFE | Metal | Viton | VIII                 | Xc |
| Acetone              | CH <sub>3</sub> COCH <sub>3</sub>                |                             | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Acetylene            | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>                    |                             |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Air, dry             |  |                             |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Alum                 | KAl(SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | 10                          | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ●  |
| Alum                 | KAl(SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | 10                          | 100 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ●  |
| Aluminium acetate    | (CH <sub>3</sub> COO) <sub>3</sub> Al            |                             |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Aluminium ethylate   | Al(OC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> |                             |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Aluminium chlorate   | Al(ClO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>               |                             |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Aluminium fluoride   | AlF <sub>3</sub>                                 |                             |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Aluminium oxyde      | Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>                   |                             |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Ammonia              | Nh <sub>3</sub>                                  | 10                          | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Ammonium hydroxyde   | NH <sub>4</sub> OH                               | 10                          | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Ammonium hydroxyde   | NH <sub>4</sub> OH                               | 10                          | 100 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Ammonium bicarbonate | (NH <sub>4</sub> )HCO <sub>3</sub>               |                             |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Ammonium chloride    | NH <sub>4</sub> Cl                               | 5                           | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ●  |
| Ammonium chloride    | NH <sub>4</sub> Cl                               | 10                          | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ●  |
| Ammonium chloride    | NH <sub>4</sub> Cl                               | 10                          | 100 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Ammonium chloride    | NH <sub>4</sub> Cl                               | 50                          | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ●  |
| Ammonium diphosphate | (NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub> |                             |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ●  |
| Ammonium carbonate   | (NA <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>  |                             | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Ammonium nitrate     | NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>                  |                             | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Ammonium sulphate    | (NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>  |                             | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Aniline              | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>    |                             |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Arsenic acid         | H <sub>3</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub>                  |                             |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Asphalt (tar)        |  |                             |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ●  |

# Our contribution to fluid safety

| Fluid                               | Chemical formula  | Concentration<br>& temperature |     | Sealing materials |      |       |       | Body<br>(material code) |    |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|-----|-------------------|------|-------|-------|-------------------------|----|
|                                     |   | %                              | °C  | KFC-25            | PTFE | Metal | Viton | VIII                    | Xc |
| Beer                                |   |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ●  |
| Benzene                             | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>                                     |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Benzine                             |   |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                       | ●  |
| Bleaching liquor (chloride of lime) |   |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ■  |
| Borax                               | Na <sub>2</sub> B <sub>4</sub> O <sub>7</sub> ·10H <sub>2</sub> O |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| Borsäure                            | H <sub>3</sub> BO <sub>3</sub>                                    | 4                              | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●  |
| Borsäure                            | H <sub>3</sub> BO <sub>3</sub>                                    | 4                              | 100 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●  |
| Borsäure                            | H <sub>3</sub> BO <sub>3</sub>                                    | 100                            | 100 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●  |
| Butan                               | C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>                                    |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Buttermilch                         |   |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●  |
| Butylacetat                         | CH <sub>3</sub> COOC <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>                  |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                       | ●  |
| Butylalkohol                        | C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> OH                                  |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                       | ●  |
| Calcium bisulphite                  | Ca(HSO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>                                |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| Calcium bisulphite                  | Ca(HSO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>                                |                                | 200 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| Calcium chloride                    | CaCl <sub>2</sub>   |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| Calcium chloride                    | CaCl <sub>2</sub>   |                                | 100 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ■  |
| Calcium hydroxide (Kalkmilch)       | Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub>   |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Calcium hydroxide                   | Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub>   |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Calcium hydroxide                   | Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub>   |                                | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Calcium hypochlorite                | Ca(ClO) <sub>2</sub>  |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ■  |
| Calcium sulphat                     | CaSO <sub>4</sub>   |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                       | ●  |
| Carbon dioxyde                      | Co <sub>2</sub>   |                                | 150 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Carbon dioxyde                      | Co <sub>2</sub>   |                                | 400 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Carbon disulfide                    | Co <sub>2</sub>   |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Carbon tetrachloride                | CCl <sub>4</sub>  |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| Chloroform                          | CHCl <sub>3</sub>   |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Chloroform                          | CHCl <sub>3</sub>   |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Chlorosulphonic acid                | HOSO <sub>2</sub> Cl  |                                | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ■  |
| Chromic acid                        | H <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>                                   | 10                             | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Chromic acid                        | H <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>                                   | 10                             | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| Chromic acid                        | H <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>                                   | 50                             | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Citric acid                         | (CH <sub>2</sub> COOH) <sub>2</sub> C(OH)COOH                     |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ●  |
| Citric acid                         | (CH <sub>2</sub> COOH) <sub>2</sub> C(OH)COOH                     |                                | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ●  |
| Clophen T 64                        |   |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                       | ●  |
| Coagulating baths (up to 10%)       | H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>                                    |                                | 80  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                       | ●  |
| Copper acetate                      | (CH <sub>3</sub> COO) <sub>2</sub> Cu                             |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                       | ●  |
| Copper acetate                      | (CH <sub>3</sub> COO) <sub>2</sub> Cu                             |                                | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                       | ●  |
| Copper sulphate                     | CuSO <sub>4</sub>   |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●  |
| Copper sulphate                     | CuSO <sub>4</sub>   |                                | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●  |

**Abbreviations:**  
Kp = boiling point  
sat. sol. = saturated solution  
aq. sol. = aqueous solution  
conc. = concentrated

**Explanation:**  
for metallic materials:  
● practically resistant,  
removal up to 2,4 g/m²/day  
■ fairly resistant,  
removal up to  
2,4–24 g/m²/day  
▲ hardly resistant,  
removal up to  
24–72 g/m²/day  
✗ not resistant,  
removal up to 72 g/m²/day  
■ not tested or  
not common

for sealing materials:  
● suitable  
✗ unsuitable

1) Discolorations may occur.  
2) 150°C





# Table of chemical resistance

| Fluid                               | Chemical formula   | Concentration & temperature |         | Sealing materials |      |       |       | Body (material code) |    |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---------|-------------------|------|-------|-------|----------------------|----|
|                                     |  | %                           | °C      | KFC-25            | PTFE | Metal | Viton | VIII                 | Xc |
| Diazotation bath (weakly acid)      |  |                             | 20      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ■  |
| Diazotation bath (weakly acid)      |  |                             | 80      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ■  |
| Diesel oil                          |  |                             | 20      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Diphyl                              |  |                             |         | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Dowtherm A                          |  |                             |         | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Dye liquor, alkaline or neutral     |  |                             | 20      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Dye liquor, alkaline or neutral     |  |                             | Kp      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Dye liquor, organic acid            |  |                             | 20      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Dye liquor, organic acid            |  |                             | Kp      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Dye liquor, strongly sulphuric acid | H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> over 0,3%                     |                             | 20      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Dye liquor, strongly sulphuric acid | H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> over 0,3%                     |                             | Kp      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ■  |
| Dye liquor, weakly sulphuric acid   | H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> under 0,3%                    |                             | Kp      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Ethane                              | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>                                |                             |         | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Ethanol                             | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH                             |                             |         | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Ethyl ether                         | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> |                             |         | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Ethyl acetate                       | CH <sub>3</sub> COOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>             |                             | Kp      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Ethylene                            | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>                                |                             |         | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Ethylen chloride (dichlorethane)    | (CH <sub>2</sub> Cl) <sub>2</sub>                            |                             | 20      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Fatty acids from C6                 |  |                             |         | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ●  |
| Formaldehyd                         | HCHO   |                             | 40 20   | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Formaldehyd                         | HCHO   |                             | 40 Kp   | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Formic acid                         | HCOOH  |                             | 10 20   | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Formic acid                         | HCOOH  |                             | 10 100  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                    | ■  |
| Formic acid                         | HCOOH  |                             | 100 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Formic acid                         | HCOOH  |                             | 100 100 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                    | ■  |
| Freon 12, Frigen 12                 |  |                             |         | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Glacial acetic acid                 | CH <sub>3</sub> COOH   |                             | 20      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Glacial acetic acid                 | CH <sub>3</sub> COOH   |                             | 10 20   | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Glacial acetic acid                 | CH <sub>3</sub> COOH   |                             | 10 Kp   | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Glacial acetic acid                 | CH <sub>3</sub> COOH   |                             | 10 20   | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Glacial acetic acid                 | CH <sub>3</sub> COOH   |                             | 50 Kp   | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ■  |
| Glacial acetic acid                 | CH <sub>3</sub> COOH   |                             | 50 20   | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ■  |
| Glacial acetic acid                 | CH <sub>3</sub> COOH   |                             | 80 Kp   | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ■  |
| Glycerine                           | (CH <sub>2</sub> OH) <sub>2</sub> CHOH                       |                             | 80 20   | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Glycerine                           | (CH <sub>2</sub> OH) <sub>2</sub> CHOH                       |                             | 100     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Grape vinegar                       |  |                             | 20      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Heat transfer oils                  |  |                             |         | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Hydrochloric acid, dry              | HCl  |                             | 20      | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ■  |
| Hydrochloric acid, dry              | HCl  |                             | 100     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ▲  |
| Hyroxylamine sulphate               | (NH <sub>2</sub> OH)H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>           |                             | 10 20   | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ●  |
| Hyroxylamine sulphate               | (NH <sub>2</sub> OH)H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>           |                             | 10 KP   | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Hydrochloric acid                   | HCl  |                             | 0,2 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ●  |

# Our contribution to fluid safety

| Fluid                             | Chemical formula                                 | Concentration<br>& temperature |     | Sealing materials |      |       |       | Body<br>(material code) |                 |
|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----|-------------------|------|-------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------|
|                                   |  | %                              | °C  | KFC-25            | PTFE | Metal | Viton | VIII                    | Xc              |
| Hydrochlorid acid                 | HCl  | 0,2                            | 50  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ■               |
| Hydrochlorid acid                 | HCl  | 1                              | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ■               |
| Hydrogen sulphide, gas, dry       | H <sub>2</sub> S                                 |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●               |
| Hydrogen sulphide, gas, wet       | H <sub>2</sub> S                                 |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●               |
| Hydrogen                          | H <sub>2</sub>                                   |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●               |
| Hydrogen peroxide                 | H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>                    |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                       | ●               |
| Hydrogen peroxide                 | H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>                    |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                       | ●               |
| Illuminating gas                  |  |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●               |
| Kreosot                           |  |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●               |
| Kreosot                           |  |                                | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●               |
| Lead acetate (lead sugar)         | Pb(CH <sub>3</sub> COO) <sub>2</sub>             | 100                            | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                       | ▲               |
| Lead arsenate                     | Pb <sub>3</sub> (AsO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●               |
| Linseed oil                       |  |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●               |
| Linseed oil                       |  |                                | 100 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●               |
| Magnesium sulphate                | MgSO <sub>4</sub>                                |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●               |
| Magnesium sulphate                | MgSO <sub>4</sub>                                |                                | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●               |
| Manganous chloride                | MnCl <sub>2</sub>                                |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●               |
| Manganous chloride                | MnCl <sub>2</sub>                                |                                | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●               |
| M.E.K. (Butanone)                 | CH <sub>3</sub> COC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>  |                                | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●               |
| Mercury                           | Hg   |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●               |
| Mercury (II) chloride (sublimate) | HgCl <sub>2</sub>                                |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ●               |
| Mercury (II) nitrate              | Hg(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>                |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                       | ■               |
| Methyl alcohol                    | CH <sub>3</sub> OH                               |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ● <sup>1)</sup>         | ● <sup>1)</sup> |
| Methyl alcohol                    | CH <sub>3</sub> OH                               |                                | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ● <sup>1)</sup>         | ● <sup>1)</sup> |
| Methylen chloride                 | CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>                  |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●               |
| Methylen chloride                 | CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>                  |                                | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●               |
| Milk                              |  |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●               |
| Natrium acetate                   | CH <sub>3</sub> COONa                            |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●               |
| Natural gas                       |  |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                       | ●               |
| Nitric acid                       | HNO <sub>3</sub>                                 | 10                             | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ●               |
| Nitric acid                       | HNO <sub>3</sub>                                 | 10                             | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ●               |
| Nitric acid                       | HNO <sub>3</sub>                                 | 40                             | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ●               |
| Nitric acid                       | HNO <sub>3</sub>                                 | 40                             | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ●               |
| Nitric acid                       | HNO <sub>3</sub>                                 | conc.                          | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ●               |
| Nitric acid                       | HNO <sub>3</sub>                                 | conc.                          | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ■               |
| Nitrogen                          | N <sub>2</sub>                                   |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●               |
| Oils (lubricating oils, mineral)  |  |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●               |
| Oils (vegetable)                  |  |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●               |
| Oleic acid                        | C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>33</sub> COOH             |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                       | ●               |

**Abbreviations:**  
Kp = boiling point  
sat. sol. = saturated solution  
aq. sol. = aqueous solution  
conc. = concentrated

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for metallic materials:  
● practically resistant,  
removal up to 2,4 g/m<sup>2</sup>/day  
■ fairly resistant,  
removal up to  
2,4–24 g/m<sup>2</sup>/day  
▲ hardly resistant,  
removal up to  
24–72 g/m<sup>2</sup>/day  
✗ not resistant,  
removal up to 72 g/m<sup>2</sup>/day  
■ not tested or  
not common

for sealing materials:  
● suitable  
✗ unsuitable

1) Discolorations may occur.  
2) 150°C



# Table of chemical resistance

| Fluid   | Chemical formula                                      | Concentration & temperature |    | Sealing materials |      |       |       | Body (material code) |    |
|---|---|-----------------------------|----|-------------------|------|-------|-------|----------------------|----|
|   |   | %                           | °C | KFC-25            | PTFE | Metal | Viton | VIII                 | Xc |
| Oxalic acid                                   | COOHCOOH  |                             |    | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Oxygen  | O <sub>2</sub>  |                             | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Pentyl acetate                                | CH <sub>3</sub> COOC <sub>5</sub> H <sub>11</sub>     |                             |    | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Petroleum ether                               |   |                             | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Phenol  | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH                      |                             |    | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Phosphoric acid                               | H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>                        | 10                          | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Phosphoric acid                               | H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>                        | 10                          | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Phosphoric acid                               | H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>                        | 50                          | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Phosphoric acid                               | H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>                        | 50                          | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ■  |
| Phosphoric acid                               | H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>                        | 80                          | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Phosphoric acid                               | H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>                        | 80                          | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ▲  |
| Potassium acetat                              | CH <sub>3</sub> COOH                                  |                             | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Potassium carbonate                           | K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>                        | 50                          | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Potassium carbonate                           | K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>                        |                             | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Potassium chlorate, at 100°, saturated sol.   | KClO <sub>3</sub>                                     |                             | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Potassium chromium sulphate                   | KCr(SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> 12H <sub>2</sub> O |                             | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ●  |
| Potassium chromium sulphate                   | KCr(SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> 12H <sub>2</sub> O |                             | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ✗  |
| Potassium cyanide solution                    | KCN   | 5                           | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Potassium dichromate                          | K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>         | 25                          | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Potassium dichromate                          | K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>         |                             | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Potassium hydrogentartrate                    | COOH(CHOH) <sub>2</sub> COOK                          |                             | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Potassium hydrogentartrate, at 100°, sat. sol | COOH(CHOH) <sub>2</sub> COOK                          |                             | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ■  |
| Potassium hydroxide                           | KOH   | 25                          | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Potassium hydroxide                           | KOH   | 25                          | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                    | ●  |
| Potassium hydroxide                           | KOH   | 50                          | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                    | ●  |
| Potassium hydroxide                           | KOH   | 50                          | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Potassium hydrochlorite                       | KOCl  |                             | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ■  |
| Potassium hydrochlorite                       | KOCl  |                             | 40 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ▲                    | ■  |
| Potassium iodide                              | Kj  |                             | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Potassium iodide                              | Kj  |                             |    | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                    | ●  |
| Potassium nitrate                             | KNO <sub>3</sub>                                      |                             | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Potassium nitrate                             | KNO <sub>3</sub>                                      |                             | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Potassium permanganate                        | KMnO <sub>4</sub>                                     |                             | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Potassium permanganate                        | KMnO <sub>4</sub>                                     |                             | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Propan  | C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>                         |                             | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Salicylic acid                                | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OHCOOH                  |                             | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                    | ●  |
| Salpeter                                      |   |                             |    | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Salt (rock salt)                              | NaCl  |                             | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ■  |
| Sea water                                     |   |                             | 20 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Sea water                                     |   |                             | Kp | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                    | ●  |
| Silicone oil                                  |   |                             |    | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |
| Soap  |   |                             |    | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                    | ●  |

# Our contribution to fluid safety

| Fluid                                       | Chemical formula   | Concentration<br>& temperature |     | Sealing materials |      |       |       | Body<br>(material code) |    |
|---|--|--------------------------------|-----|-------------------|------|-------|-------|-------------------------|----|
|   |  | %                              | °C  | KFC-25            | PTFE | Metal | Viton | VIII                    | Xc |
| Sodium carbonate (soda solution, cold sat.) | Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>                                  |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                       | ●  |
| Sodium carbonate (soda solution)            | Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>                                  |                                | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●  |
| Sodium hydroxide                            | NaOH   | 20                             | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                       | ●  |
| Sodium hydroxide                            | NaOH   | 20                             | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●  |
| Sodium hydroxide                            | NaOH   | 35                             | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                       | ●  |
| Sodium hydroxide                            | NaOH   | 35                             | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                       | ●  |
| Sodium sulphate                             | Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>                                  |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ■  |
| Starch solution                             |  |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●  |
| Steam                                       |  |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ●                       | ●  |
| Stearic acid                                | C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>35</sub> COOH                             |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●  |
| Sugar                                       |  |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| Sugar                                       |  |                                | 80  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| Sulphite lye                                | Ca(HSO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>                               |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| (fresh cooking liquor, spent liquor)        | Ca(HSO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>                               |                                | 80  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| Sulphur dioxide                             | SO <sub>2</sub>  |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                       | ●  |
| Sulphuric acid                              | H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>                                   | 1                              | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                       | ●  |
| Sulphuric acid                              | H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>                                   | 10                             | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ✗                       | ●  |
| Sulphuric acid                              | H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>                                   | 90                             | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ✗     | ■                       | ●  |
| Sulphuric acid                              | H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>                                   | conc.                          | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Sulphurous acid                             | H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>                                   |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ●  |
| Tannic acid                                 | C <sub>76</sub> H <sub>52</sub> O <sub>46</sub>                  | 10                             | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●  |
| Tannic acid                                 | C <sub>76</sub> H <sub>52</sub> O <sub>46</sub>                  | 10                             | Kp  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ✗                       | ●  |
| Tannic acid                                 | C <sub>76</sub> H <sub>52</sub> O <sub>46</sub>                  | 50                             | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●  |
| Tar   |  |                                | 180 | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| Tartaric acid                               | (CHOHCOOH) <sub>2</sub>  |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ▲                       | ●  |
| Toluene                                     | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>                    |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Trichlorethylene                            | C <sub>2</sub> HCl <sub>3</sub>                                  |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| Turpentine oil                              |  |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Urea  | (NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO                               |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ■                       | ●  |
| Water (fresh and trinking water)            | H <sub>2</sub> O   |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Water glass (K- and Na-silicate)            | K <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>3</sub> Na <sub>2</sub> HCl <sub>3</sub> |                                |     | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |
| Xylene                                      | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>    |                                | 20  | ●                 | ●    | ●     | ●     | ●                       | ●  |

**Abbreviations:**  
Kp = boiling point  
sat. sol. = saturated solution  
aq. sol. = aqueous solution  
conc. = concentrated

**Explanation:**  
for metallic materials:  
● practically resistant,  
removal up to 2,4 g/m²/day  
■ fairly resistant,  
removal up to  
2,4–24 g/m²/day  
▲ hardly resistant,  
removal up to  
24–72 g/m²/day  
✗ not resistant,  
removal up to 72 g/m²/day  
■ not tested or  
not common

for sealing materials:  
● suitable  
✗ unsuitable

1) Discolorations may occur.  
2) 150°C



# KLINGER product range

## ***Product range***

### ***Ballostar®KHA***

*3-piece ball valve made of grey cast iron, steel and stainless cast steel*

### ***Ballostar®KHI***

*2-piece ball valve made of grey cast iron, steel and stainless cast steel*

### ***Ballostar®KHE***

*2-piece ball valve with floating ball, made of carbon steel and stainless steel*

### ***Monolith KHO***

*One-piece, fully welded ball valve made of carbon steel (casted)*

### ***KLINGER Monoball®***

*One-piece ball valve made of steel pipes*

### ***KLINGER Ball-o-top***

*Brass ball valves*

### ***Piston valves KVN***

*made of grey cast iron, nodular cast iron, steel and stainless cast steel*

### ***KLINGERMATIC®***

*Actuator for piston valves and ball valves*

### ***Liquid level gauges***

*for steam and process application*

### ***Reflex and transparent sight-glasses***

### ***Circular sight-glasses***

### ***AB cocks***

*Packing-sleeve cocks and pressure-gauge cocks in brass, steel and stainless steel*

**K**ey role

**L**ink

**I**nnovation

**N**avigation

**G**rowth

**E**fficiency

**R**outine